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Agricultural Cash Rents in 1995

- Cash rents for cropland were generally higher in 1995 than in 1994, while those for pasture were generally lower.
- Cash rents per acre were highest for irrigated cropland in California and Florida.

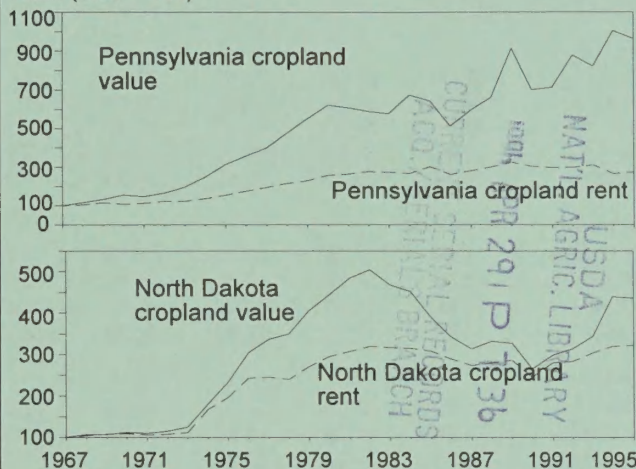
Because cash rents reflect the income-earning capacity of the land, they vary widely across the country. Cropland cash rents tend to be highest in States and regions where higher-valued crops are grown. During 1995, average cash rents were highest for irrigated land in California and Florida, at \$189.60 and \$183.50 per acre, respectively (table 2). These States both produce large shares of high-value specialty crops, vegetables, fruits, and nuts. Cropland suitable for corn and soybean production in the Midwest also commands high cash rents. The highest rents for nonirrigated cropland in 1995 were reported in Illinois (\$99.70 per acre) and Iowa (\$99.60 per acre).

Average cash rents for cropland were higher in most States for the 1995 crop year than in 1994. This pattern was roughly similar for both irrigated and nonirrigated cropland. An upward pattern was most evident in the Northeast, Northern Plains, and Pacific regions, where all States, except New York, reported higher cropland rents. Other regions presented a mixed picture, showing no change or lower average cash rents in some States.

During 1995, average cash rents for pasture varied from a high of \$39.30 per acre in California, to a low of \$1.80 per acre in New Mexico (table 1). Average cash rents for pasture were almost uniformly lower than in 1994 in the Northern Plains, Appalachia, Delta, and Southern Plains. For the Corn Belt, Mountain, and Southeast regions, some States reported higher and some lower 1995 cash rents compared with 1994.

Over time, changing conditions within farm real estate markets can alter the economic relationship between cash rents and the value of rented farmland. As an illustration, the clear divergence

Example indexes of cropland rent and value per acre
Index (1967 = 100)



Source: USDA, ERS.

between cash rents and cropland value in Pennsylvania (see figure) can likely be attributed to increased urbanization. As demand for nonagricultural use increases, farmland values rise relatively faster than cash rents, which are a measure of the return from agricultural use of the land. In contrast, North Dakota exhibits a pattern of a State whose farmland values are determined mainly from use in agricultural production.

This report initiates publication of cash rent estimates from the June Agricultural Survey (JAS) (see box on back page). Previously, information on cash rents came from the Agricultural Land Values Survey (ALVS), discontinued in 1994. JAS was chosen as the new survey instrument because its area-frame design, probability basis, and personal interview format should more accurately portray each State's farmland market.

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About AREI UPDATES

AREI UPDATES is a periodic series that supplements and updates information in **Agricultural Resources and Environmental Indicators (AREI)**, USDA, ERS, AH-705, Dec. 1994. **UPDATES** report recent data from surveys of farm operators and others knowledgeable about changing agricultural resource use and conditions, with only minimal interpretation or analysis. Please contact the individual listed at the end of the text for additional information about the data in this **UPDATE**. If you would like to be added to the mailing list or have other questions about **AREI UPDATES** or **AREI**, contact Richard Magleby, (202) 219-0436. [rmagleby@econ.ag.gov]

Table 1—Pasture rented for cash: average gross cash rent per acre and rent as a percent of value, selected States, 1991-95

State	Rent per acre						Rent to value ¹					
	ALVS ²	ALVS	ALVS	ALVS	JAS ³	JAS	ALVS	ALVS	ALVS	ALVS	JAS	JAS
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1994	1995	1991	1992	1993	1994	1994	1995
	Dollars						Percent					
Northeast:												
New England	na	na	na	na	20.60	20.90	na	na	na	na	1.1	1.1
New York	16.90	19.90	17.00	17.60	14.70	14.50	5.2	4.2	2.2	2.8	2.3	2.7
New Jersey	*	*	27.10	*	*	*	*	*	0.5	*	*	*
Pennsylvania	21.60	21.80	25.40	20.70	20.70	29.80	1.7	1.5	2.0	1.1	2.1	1.9
Maryland	33.80	31.90	31.50	32.40	33.50	*	2.5	2.1	2.5	1.3	1.4	*
Lake States:												
Michigan	21.70	19.60	21.50	22.10	*	*	4.8	4.2	4.2	3.5	*	*
Wisconsin	23.30	25.60	24.90	22.50	25.50	31.40	6.5	7.6	7.2	6.6	4.3	5.8
Minnesota	22.90	18.60	19.60	22.30	16.20	16.50	8.8	6.3	5.7	7.5	5.3	5.1
Corn Belt:												
Ohio	30.50	26.50	25.60	25.50	*	*	4.5	4.3	3.4	3.3	*	*
Indiana	33.40	35.00	35.90	32.90	*	*	5.4	6.1	5.7	4.5	*	*
Illinois	33.50	34.90	31.80	34.60	31.00	27.65	6.0	5.6	5.2	5.2	5.6	4.0
Iowa	35.40	33.60	36.10	36.40	26.35	28.05	7.7	7.3	7.0	7.2	5.5	6.2
Missouri	24.10	23.70	22.60	24.70	18.50	16.40	6.2	5.4	4.7	5.1	2.6	2.7
Northern Plains:												
North Dakota	8.80	9.20	9.10	9.70	8.30	8.00	6.6	7.1	6.8	6.7	5.9	4.9
South Dakota	8.60	8.20	7.80	8.90	9.70	8.50	8.0	7.4	6.3	6.8	6.0	5.5
Nebraska	12.40	11.80	11.30	11.10	10.20	9.20	7.9	7.4	6.9	5.9	6.1	5.4
Kansas	11.60	12.00	12.80	12.80	12.20	11.70	5.1	5.0	5.1	4.8	3.7	4.1
Appalachia:												
Virginia	21.20	22.60	20.20	19.40	14.80	10.50	2.6	2.2	1.9	1.7	1.2	0.8
West Virginia	11.10	14.70	16.70	17.60	17.00	14.00	2.3	1.9	1.9	3.3	3.0	2.2
North Carolina	18.70	21.30	23.20	23.00	16.90	13.90	2.3	2.1	1.8	1.9	0.9	0.8
Kentucky	25.20	25.90	24.50	26.20	*	*	4.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	*	*
Tennessee	25.20	23.50	25.80	31.90	15.20	14.30	4.6	2.9	3.3	4.4	0.8	0.7
Southeast:												
South Carolina	17.50	15.30	16.40	18.80	*	16.11	2.7	2.2	1.8	2.2	*	1.7
Georgia	19.90	19.70	21.10	23.00	20.00	19.20	3.3	2.6	2.2	2.3	1.4	1.4
Florida	22.50	21.40	21.00	17.00	17.00	19.50	1.7	0.8	0.8	1.2	.7	.8
Alabama	18.20	18.80	19.40	19.10	13.10	12.50	3.4	3.2	3.6	3.1	2.4	2.0
Delta States:												
Mississippi	15.60	14.90	15.00	14.90	15.90	13.00	3.7	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.0
Arkansas	15.50	18.60	19.90	18.00	20.90	15.60	3.3	4.0	4.9	3.5	2.0	1.2
Louisiana	17.70	17.20	14.50	15.60	13.00	12.60	3.0	2.7	2.1	2.3	0.9	0.8
Southern Plains:												
Oklahoma	10.50	10.20	9.40	9.60	9.40	9.20	3.4	3.4	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.1
Texas	9.00	6.90	7.00	7.30	5.00	4.80	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.4
Mountain:												
Montana	5.10	6.60	8.10	6.20	5.50	5.10	5.0	5.5	5.8	4.7	4.7	3.9
Idaho	17.20	26.50	19.10	23.10	28.20	29.30	5.2	6.1	6.3	5.7	4.9	4.5
Wyoming	3.50	3.60	4.20	5.80	3.10	3.50	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.9	2.5	2.9
New Mexico	na	na	na	na	1.60	1.80	na	na	na	na	1.5	1.5
Utah	20.20	25.70	23.00	20.90	16.30	13.70	4.3	3.5	3.2	1.9	0.9	0.7
Pacific:												
Washington	*	21.90	29.80	25.10	*	*	*	4.0	4.2	3.1	*	*
Oregon	*	22.60	25.40	21.50	*	*	*	4.0	6.0	6.8	*	*
California	*	37.90	34.20	44.90	26.90	39.30	*	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.6	2.5

* = Insufficient information. na = data not available.

¹Cash rent as a percent of per acre value of rented pasture.

²ALVS is "Agricultural Land Values Survey."

³JAS is "June Agricultural Survey."

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Table 2—Cropland rented for cash: average gross cash rent per acre and rent as a percent of value, selected States, 1991-95

State and land type ²	Rent per acre						Rent to value ¹																		
	ALVS ³	ALVS	ALVS	ALVS	JAS ⁴	JAS	ALVS	ALVS	ALVS	ALVS	JAS	JAS													
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1994	1995	1991	1992	1993	1994	1994	1995													
----- Dollars -----													----- Percent -----												
Northeast:																									
New England	na	na	na	na	31.50	35.20	na	na	na	na	.7	.7													
New York	33.90	36.20	34.90	38.20	25.10	25.10	5.0	4.5	3.9	3.8	2.4	2.2													
New Jersey	66.50	52.00	50.60	71.10	42.90	45.40	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.3	0.4	0.6													
Pennsylvania	42.10	42.40	44.10	41.90	37.70	38.80	2.2	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.5													
Delaware	59.60	62.30	57.90	59.80	54.90	61.10	3.6	3.3	2.6	2.8	2.4	2.5													
Maryland	53.30	*	55.40	60.80	41.40	44.70	3.0	*	2.3	2.2	1.3	1.6													
Lake States:																									
Michigan	45.50	47.40	45.60	49.00	48.00	49.70	6.0	6.2	5.7	5.5	4.8	4.9													
Wisconsin	52.30	51.40	52.50	51.20	48.70	46.20	7.1	7.3	6.9	6.8	5.6	4.9													
Minnesota	63.30	62.30	64.20	61.90	66.00	70.10	7.4	7.6	7.6	7.9	6.8	6.5													
Corn Belt:																									
Ohio	69.10	70.20	68.50	70.50	64.50	67.10	5.8	5.6	5.5	4.7	3.8	3.5													
Indiana	86.70	85.70	88.30	90.40	83.40	88.40	6.8	7.5	6.8	6.3	5.7	5.6													
Illinois	100.90	103.30	102.90	107.30	99.50	99.70	6.6	6.5	6.3	5.5	4.2	4.9													
Iowa	100.80	104.60	108.00	107.00	98.60	99.60	8.2	8.0	7.9	7.4	6.5	6.3													
Missouri -All cropland	62.20	58.20	64.10	64.80	na	na	9.3	8.0	8.9	8.6	na	na													
-Nonirrigated	na	na	na	na	55.10	51.10	na	na	na	na	4.2	4.2													
Northern Plains:																									
N. Dakota	28.70	29.10	31.30	31.90	32.90	33.10	9.0	8.7	8.5	8.2	7.0	7.1													
S. Dakota -All cropland	37.40	30.40	30.50	32.20	na	na	8.0	8.3	8.0	8.2	na	na													
-Nonirrigated	na	na	na	na	30.00	30.20	na	na	na	na	6.6	6.9													
Nebraska -Nonirrigated	58.30	49.60	50.30	50.30	56.70	57.20	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.3	8.2	7.7													
-Irrigated	98.90	102.80	102.20	106.80	108.40	111.10	8.9	9.5	9.3	9.3	8.5	8.4													
Kansas -Nonirrigated	32.50	31.90	32.80	34.70	32.60	35.50	7.7	7.2	7.4	7.3	6.5	5.9													
-Irrigated	60.60	62.70	65.10	72.50	*	*	8.7	9.5	9.3	10.1	*	*													
Appalachia:																									
Virginia	34.50	34.40	33.80	37.40	35.80	35.70	2.8	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.2	1.9													
West Virginia	29.50	30.40	30.10	36.90	31.00	30.00	4.6	3.4	3.5	4.3	2.7	2.3													
North Carolina	34.60	37.70	41.00	38.10	32.50	33.60	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.2	2.0													
Kentucky	52.70	52.60	55.30	59.00	49.10	52.80	6.6	5.4	5.2	5.7	4.4	3.8													
Tennessee	51.20	48.80	50.20	49.50	46.70	43.00	6.0	5.1	4.8	5.8	3.6	3.1													
Southeast:																									
S. Carolina	22.30	21.70	22.50	23.40	23.90	23.50	3.0	2.5	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.5													
Georgia- -All cropland	27.90	29.70	30.50	32.00	na	na	3.9	3.5	3.2	3.5	na	na													
-Nonirrigated	na	na	na	na	28.70	32.90	na	na	na	na	3.9	4.2													
-Irrigated	na	na	na	na	56.10	60.80	na	na	na	na	5.3	6.1													
Florida- -All cropland	126.10	101.50	95.70	73.10	na	na	3.6	3.0	3.5	1.9	na	na													
-Nonirrigated	na	na	na	na	20.80	22.50	na	na	na	na	2.0	2.8													
-Irrigated	na	na	na	na	136.30	183.50	na	na	na	na	1.8	1.7													
Alabama	28.60	28.10	30.70	36.50	31.60	36.20	4.7	4.1	4.3	4.8	2.8	3.4													
Delta States:																									
Mississippi-All cropland	37.90	40.80	39.60	44.00	na	na	6.0	6.7	6.4	6.7	na	na													
-Nonirrigated	na	na	na	na	44.30	41.60	na	na	na	na	5.7	5.5													
-Irrigated	na	na	na	na	59.90	70.00	na	na	na	na	6.6	7.3													
Arkansas -All cropland	55.50	48.00	50.10	50.70	na	na	6.6	7.3	7.2	6.3	na	na													
-Nonirrigated	na	na	na	na	46.90	48.40	na	na	na	na	6.5	6.8													
-Irrigated	na	na	na	na	68.10	58.70	na	na	na	na	6.8	6.4													
Louisiana- -All land	49.50	48.30	46.80	48.30	na	na	7.0	6.1	5.6	6.0	na	na													
-Nonirrigated	na	na	na	na	47.90	55.30	na	na	na	na	5.9	5.7													
-Irrigated	na	na	na	na	78.90	77.60	na	na	na	na	8.9	8.2													
Southern Plains:																									
Oklahoma -Nonirrigated	25.60	26.10	26.20	25.20	25.50	25.10	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.1	4.5	4.0													
-Irrigated	42.10	39.10	39.10	41.70	*	*	7.1	5.9	6.4	6.9	*	*													
Texas -Nonirrigated	20.30	20.00	20.60	20.20	17.60	17.00	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.2	2.6	2.1													
-Irrigated	42.50	45.30	49.40	44.90	58.50	53.80	4.9	7.3	7.6	6.3	5.7	5.6													

- Continued -

Table 2—Cropland rented for cash: average gross cash rent per acre and rent as a percent of value, selected States, 1991-95--continued

State and land type ²	Rent per acre						Rent to value ¹					
	ALVS ³ 1991	ALVS 1992	ALVS 1993	ALVS 1994	JAS ⁴ 1994	JAS 1995	ALVS 1991	ALVS 1992	ALVS 1993	ALVS 1994	JAS 1994	JAS 1995
----- Dollars -----						----- Percent -----						
Mountain:												
Montana -Nonirrigated	18.40	19.80	21.00	24.10	15.20	15.30	7.3	8.3	7.8	8.4	5.1	5.1
-Irrigated	43.60	50.60	54.80	49.70	*	*	6.6	5.0	5.5	7.3	*	*
Idaho -Nonirrigated	41.30	33.90	34.30	47.80	*	*	7.4	5.6	6.4	7.6	*	*
-Irrigated	92.00	114.30	100.50	126.60	99.50	112.30	8.9	9.9	7.1	8.9	6.9	7.4
Wyoming -Nonirrigated	10.20	9.60	13.40	16.10	*	*	6.6	5.7	6.7	6.3	*	*
-Irrigated	40.30	49.40	54.00	51.20	*	*	8.3	8.7	8.2	7.7	*	*
New Mexico -Irrigated	70.40	87.70	80.40	88.90	77.70	88.00	3.9	2.6	2.5	1.8	4.2	4.6
Arizona -All land	na	na	na	na	80.60	87.40	na	na	na	na	3.0	2.8
-Irrigated	144.20	128.10	136.70	150.10	na	na	3.4	3.8	3.6	3.0	na	na
Utah -Nonirrigated	26.50	30.50	26.30	28.20	*	*	6.3	3.8	3.3	3.6	*	*
-Irrigated	60.30	57.60	52.90	54.00	51.40	50.90	4.3	3.4	3.0	2.5	1.5	1.4
Nevada -Irrigated	87.70	92.70	89.10	81.70	*	*	5.1	4.8	6.2	3.2	*	*
Pacific:												
Washington -Nonirrigated	53.30	49.80	53.40	55.90	69.50	70.80	6.1	5.5	5.4	6.7	4.1	4.6
-Irrigated	117.40	113.10	124.20	133.20	127.90	137.80	6.3	5.7	6.3	6.1	6.5	7.1
Oregon -Nonirrigated	53.10	58.20	55.50	61.90	59.10	66.00	4.7	6.0	5.6	4.2	4.2	4.6
-Irrigated	96.00	106.70	124.70	135.90	125.50	130.00	6.2	6.1	7.8	7.4	5.2	5.8
California -Irrigated	167.60	179.60	191.50	223.00	176.00	189.60	4.8	3.4	3.6	4.4	4.4	4.6

* = Insufficient information. na = data not available.

¹Cash rent as a percent of per acre value of rented cropland. ²Unless otherwise specified as irrigated or nonirrigated, data are for all cropland. ³ALVS is "Agricultural Land Values Survey." ⁴JAS is "June Agricultural Survey."

June Agricultural Survey

The JAS is an area-frame survey that divides the United States into "segments" representative of land uses across the Nation. Segments are selected to represent approximately 1 percent of the total land area in the contiguous 48 States, with 20 percent of the samples replaced each year. Within these segments, enumerators identify "tracts," which represent a particular farm operator's acreage. Farm operators then provide estimates of cash rent per acre for the rented farmland within their tract. The randomly selected segments of land, with 80 percent resurveyed each year, are expected to enhance the statistical reliability of USDA estimates of farmland cash rents and values. Cash rental acres were identified in 17,565 tracts (35 percent of total agricultural tracts) during the 1995 survey.

The JAS replaces the Agricultural Land Values Survey (ALVS). A 1-year overlap of the two surveys provides a comparison of estimates for 1994, and permits estimates of change from 1994 to 1995 to be based on the same survey (JAS). For most States the two estimates are similar, but for a few States noticeable differences exist. The discontinuity due to a change in survey instrument can be bridged by comparing the cash rent indicators from successive years on each survey. For instance, users interested in differences between the cash rental rates for 1993 and 1994 can examine the 1993 and 1994 estimates from the ALVS. Similarly, users interested in differences between the cash rental rates in 1994 and 1995 can examine the respective data from the JAS. Several factors may have contributed to the differences in estimates. First, farmer responses to JAS questions pertained to specific land, while those to the ALVS pertained to a nonspecific "locality." Second, in contrast to the area-frame design of JAS, ALVS was based on a list-frame. Third, estimates calculated from JAS have a probability basis, whereas estimates from ALVS were simple averages of total responses. Other possible factors were that most responses to the ALVS were obtained through telephone contacts made in January, while the JAS was personally enumerated in June.

AREI UPDATES

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